Certificate Issued To: Lost Empire Herbs 8301 NW 101st Ter. Kansas City, MO 64153-2321 Untied States

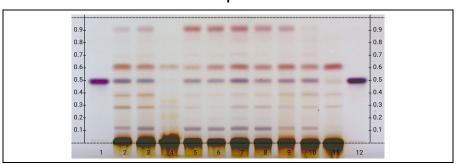


Work performed at: **Alkemist Labs**

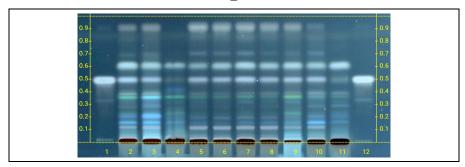
12661 Hoover Street Garden Grove, CA 92841 714-754-HERB (4372) 714-668-9972 (FAX) Sales@Alkemist.com www.Alkemist.com

<u>Certificate of Analysis:</u> Maca (BMACA26MAR24) High Performance Thin-Layer Chromatography with Photo-Documentation

1



2



Company Name: Lost Empire Herbs

Title: Maca **Plant Part:** root

Appearance: Fine tan powder

Sample Packaging: Clear Reclosable Plastic Bag

Latin Name: Lepidium meyenii Walp. [Brassicaceae]

Reference Sample: Lane 2(6μl) (GC10817AP1), Lane 3(6μl) (GC23809CRB) Lepidium meyenii (root); Lane 10(6μl) (GC07317AHP1), Lane

11(6µl) (19193EQO) Lepidium meyenii (tuber); held at Alkemist Labs, Garden Grove, CA.

Sample Received:

Form of Botanical:

Lot Number:

Sample:

04/01/24

24092XCB_1

crude plant powder

(BMACA26MAR24) →Lane 8(6µI)

Report Date: 04/05/24

Analyst: N.Afendikova, N.Alvarez, K.Chopra, J.Congjuico, A.Foults, A.Hernandez, N.Hoang, R.Islam, S.Kabbaj, J.Mares,

M.Nguyen, S.Sudberg, L.Tang, K.Tran 225608

Sample Preparation: 0.3g+3mL Methanol, sonicate/heat at 50°C for 30 min.

Stationary Phase: Silica gel 60, HPTLC plates

Mobile Phase: Toluene: Ethyl Acetate: Acetic acid [7/3.3/0.3]

Detection: (1) 10% Sulfuric, 100°C, 2min, Vis (Reich, E., 2007)
(2) 10% Sulfuric, 100°C, 2min, 366nm (Reich, E., 2007)

Reference Standard: Lanes 1(3μl) and 12(3μl) β-Sitosterol (1LK0992, VWR), Methanol (23J0361009, VWR)

Reference Source: Method developed by Alkemist Labs

IDT-SOP-72-01

<u>Comments & Conclusions:</u> Lane 8 is the test sample Maca (BMACA26MAR24). Lanes 2, 3, 10, 11, are the reference samples used for comparison. This test sample, Maca (BMACA26MAR24) is consistent with the chromatographic profile of the reference samples of *Lepidium meyenii*, used above. This test sample Maca (BMACA26MAR24) has characteristics of *Lepidium meyenii* root.

NOTE: The above conclusion may be a function of the natural variance found in botanicals &/or the extraction process used to create specific extracts. The growing and drying conditions, age, seasonal variations, geographic location, extraction solvents, etc. all play a role in the phytochemical fingerprint of botanicals as well as their extracts; hence, chromatographic variations are expected.

Examined, Reviewed & Authorized by: Khanh N Tran, HPTLC, R&D Supervisor, Alkemist Labs



Note: Any unidentified lanes in the above chromatograms are confidential and may represent internal studies or other test samples not related to BMACA26MAR24.